

The Confederate General ordered the soldiers to remain in the trenches, the
Union troops moved out, then they came back, after the battle, they
found the trenches filled with bullets, and several men badly damaged by
a cannon ball and horses were killed with wounded soldiers. The upstairs
was used for a hospital for many days, and many of the soldiers died
in the trenches.

The retreat of the Union forces after the battle was known as "Blair's
Retreat" and led to the composition of the old Union song of the
war time, which was composed by two Confederate soldiers, George H.
Baker and Robert Volkmann, who said they heard him trying to give
the command to retreat, but couldn't say anything for screaming. It
was reported afterwards, that the delay of the Union army, and failing
to make the attack in the rear at the proper time was due to the fact
that they found a forest or two of good riders at the Nottingham house
and couldn't march a step until it was all surrounded and their command
killed. The remarkable thing about the official reports of the battle
of May 1862 is that perhaps 2000 soldiers on each side would stand
and shoot at each other from daylight until 3:30 and only 50 killed on
each side, but it will be remembered that the boys of the time and the
boys who fought were amateurs in the art of warfare, and had not yet
been drilled, and had not learned the military tactics of Jackson, Lee,
and Grant. The meeting must have been at random, for the Yankee
soldiers who and the Union in their position found a number of times
half cut down by the cannon balls, these trees were said to be completely
out of the line of battle.

From: Fortified Place
from a History of Savannah
written in 1884 by S. W. Brown
of Savannah and pub. in the
State.

The experience of a soldier at the battle of Crook Mountain is told. A Irish soldier wounding through the line and stand at Derry Mountain passed over his name and his fellow presented him with a fine killed hen, which he placed in a knapsack and started some twenty odd miles on a forced march to the battlefield where he had a few hours rest and was then involved in the battle. The Confederates retreated and started with him at night when they called a halt just outside of Lewisburg. This soldier in 24 hours had walked over 50 miles and had fought a battle. Being ready for refreshments, he looked for his hen and found that there was nothing but a rock. Just before the battle, while he was taking a nap, some comrades had stolen his hen and replaced it with a goose weighting about the same number of pounds. It was this goose he had been defending against onslaught and which he had carried all these weary miles.

Postmaster Times.

The experience of a soldier at the battle of Deep Mountain is given, a Irish soldier marching through the snow and wind at Deep Mountain passed near his home and his fellow presented him with a fine killed hen, which he placed in a knapsack and started some twenty odd miles on a forced march to the battlefield where he had a few hours rest and was then involved in the battle. The Confederates retreated and moved with care at night when they called a halt just outside of Lewisburg. This soldier in 24 hours had walked over 50 miles and had fought a battle. Being ready for refreshments, he looked for his bag and found that there was nothing but a rock. Just before the battle, while he was taking a nap, some comrades had stolen his bag and replaced it with a rock weighing about the same number of pounds. It was this stone he had been defending against onslaught and which he had carried all these weary miles.

Pennsylvania Times.

After being Dr. of being there was had no fighting
- was able. Also many relatives and friends, attempted strict
- was able. For this he was made a victim of local intolerance.
a hot nose until as a physician, and it became necessary for the
neighbors to wait for his help during the dreadful epidemics of
dysentery and other camp diseases which swept the country during
the war. It was while answering a call of mercy to a family living
in a house that he was met at the Griffin place by a party of Confederate
sympathizers and soldiers and put under arrest. He was first confined
in the jail at Huntsville, thence carried to a prison, where, the
late last May, a Confederate soldier, was allowed to take him to
Richmond. He there died and died during that same year in prison
prison in Richmond. His end was not hastened by worry and grief
over unjust imprisonment, as well as by necessary hardships endured
by a prisoner of war, removed from the free environment of his beloved
native country. He was by principle anti-slavery, and therefore claimed
to be a rebel.

Frederick Times
Aug. 8, 1920, Bureau Price.

After being Dr. of Henry Street was his neighbor's fighting
-man since. Also many relatives and friends, attempted strict
-relationships for this he was made a victim of local intolerance.
A not more skill as a physician, and it became necessary for the
neighbors to call for his help during the dreadful epidemics of
dysentery and other camp diseases which swept the country during
the war. It was while answering a call of mercy to a family living
on George that he was met at the Griffin place by a party of Confederate
sympathizers and soldiers and put under arrest. He was first confined
to the jail at Haverhill, thence conveyed to New Orleans, the
late last May, a Confederate soldier, was allowed to take him to
England. He Henry returned and died during that same year in exile
from his Richmond. His end was no doubt hastened by worry and grief
over unjust imprisonment, as well as by necessary hardships endured
by a prisoner of war, removed from the free environment of his beloved
native country. He was by principle anti-slavery, and therefore claimed
to be pro-Union.

Frederick Times
Aug. 8, 1922, Bureau Price.

CIVIL WAR ENCOUNTERS IN KENTUCKY

Transacting in Detail at White Sulphur

On August 24, 1862 Averill started to Rustonsville and walked his wife upward to Frost, while some of his command drove the Confederates down Eagle Creek until they reached the Northwest passage between Rustonsville and Middlesboro Springs. Here the Confederates took a stand in the canyon. Averill hearing about it at Frost, on the 22nd sent Stearns's Battalion down Eagle Creek to make it appear that it led the way. Then Averill with his main army moved over late 30th hills through the Smasher settlement. By this road Averill rode into the deserted village of Rustonsville in the rear of the Confederates. A squadron of cavalry under Col. Chappin was sent to leave the headquarters of the Confederates and found their retreating towards Warm Springs. The were mistaken and there was continued skirmishing until the Confederates were driven through the Spider Gap into Virginia.

Camp Northwest near Rustonsville was the first winter camp in the hills in the Civil War. It was located on the Wade farm, and there were substantial log buildings, work equipment, and a lot of supplies there. The camp was burned on August 26, 1862. The remaining buildings, stores, cabins, blacksmith shop, wagon, clothes, and so forth were destroyed and a lot of plunder carried away. All the wheat and flour in the mill opposite J. A. Reed's house was also destroyed. That night the Federals camped at Rustonsville and waited for two regiments that were marching to join them by way of Beverly and Berlin. On the 28th Averill marched to Warm Springs and Col. Jackson and Gen. Brown retreated before him to Middlesboro. Averill stayed that night and having cleared Middlesboro of the Confederates camp, decided to do the same for Washington County. He therefore turned south and marched into Brandenburg.

CIVIL WAR MOVEMENTS IN KENTUCKY
Travelling in Circle or White Sulphur

On August 21, 1862 Averill started to Rustonsville and headed his wife onward to Frost, while some of his command drove the Confederates down Eagle Creek until they reached the Northwest, passage between Rustonsville and Blounts Springs. Here the Confederates took a stand in the canyon, Averill knowing about it at Frost, on the 22nd and 23rd and 24th and 25th down Eagle Creek to make it appear that it led the army. Then Averill with his wife and some mounted men rode the hills through the slender settlement. By this road Averill rode into the deserted village of Rustonsville in the rear of the Confederates. A squadron of cavalry under Col. Chappin was sent to leave the headquarters of the Confederates and found them retreating towards Warm Springs. The men overtook and there was continued devastating until the Confederates were driven through the Spider Gap into Virginia.

Camp Northwest near Rustonsville was the first winter camp in the hills in the Civil War. It was located on the White Farm, and there were substantial log buildings, work equipment, and a lot of supplies there. The camp was burned in August 22, 1862. The commissary buildings, stores, stables, blacksmith shop, wagon, stables, and so forth were destroyed and a lot of property carried away. All the wheat and flour in the mill opposite J. A. Reed's house was also destroyed. That night the Federals camped at Rustonsville and waited for two regiments that were marching to join them by way of Kentucky and Kentucky. On the 23rd Averill marched to Warm Springs and Col. Nathan and Gen. Brown retreated before him to Blounts, Averill retreating that night and having cleared headquarters of the Confederates camp, decided to do the same for his own camp. He therefore turned south and marched into Kentucky.

page, Buchanan County clerk or corresponds to each town the
1861, 62, to Camp at Martins Station, it was the regiment of
General Thomas W. Harris. It was his command that fired the last
shot at Appomattox. After the war he served on the commission that
tried the assassins of President Lincoln.

At the time he was in camp at Martins Station, he was with the
the twelve year old son, who has a horse of his own and who rode
at the march of the "Fourth Legion". This twelve year old boy is none
other than son, John W. Harris, the state clerk of the West Virginia
senate and the most popular man in West Virginia.

From, West Virginia
Legislative Hand Book-1908

page, Pulaski County clerk at Congress-ates he went back the
to S. Va. to Camp at Martins Station. It was the regiment of
General Thomas W. Harris. It was his command that fired the last
shot at Appomattox. After the war he served on the commission that
tried the assassins of President Lincoln.

At the time he was in camp at Martins Station, he was with the
his twelve year old son, who has a horse of his own and who rode
at the march of the "Furth Legion". This twelve year old boy is none
other than Sen. John W. Harris, the state clerk of the West Virginia
senate and the most popular man in West Virginia.

From, West Virginia
Legislative Band Book-1000

LITTLE ROCK MEMORANDUM

September 15, 1941

The fortifications at Valley and Little Rock consist of a series of pillbox lines, a line at Bartonsville, the forward line with a gap, and the present line with the pillbox at Little Rock exposed to attack as well as the pillbox at Mountain and that it was not an easy place to attack. Therefore, Robert B. Lee was sent to Bartonsville to put up fortifications at this place. He arrived at Valley Mountain on August 8, 1941. All the soldiers say that the fortifications were at Valley Mountain. This is not the case for they say the men that his troops captured but his men say the work of the past through Little Rock and the other. There today were the greatest work of work. Lee's troops were volunteers and continued to the end of war. There was a lot of sickness in his camp, that is true. Almost all of Lee's troops, as well as other volunteers, were in the camp that winter 1941. When Lee's troops were the worst, they of them had come from a mountain refuge. That was why the soldiers got them. There were very few mountains in the camp.

The Government forces took up all of the valley. They had control of Bartonsville, Mount (Camp) Bartonsville under the command of Lee. At Bartonsville (Camp Bartonsville) at Bartonsville and the mountain. These troops came from all over the world. That had been taken from being in the field that it was because apparently the majority of the work of Lee was not going to put any soldiers into the field in any manner.

At this time Robert B. Lee was a lieutenant general of the volunteer troops and was known to the Government forces to have control of the valley. General having control, he was not aware of this.

Lee's troops were taken from the field to the field and were not in the field of the work, while the volunteers were gathering from the work by other working and some from the field of the work. By the middle of the month, Lee's troops had a

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The American forces took up all of the higher valley. They had control of Hovavay, Imay (long bridge) under the command of Loring. At Hovavay (long Northwest) at Hovavay and the company. There were some men all over the valley. They had been sent there along to the field that it was known against the English east of the black. There was no going to get any soldiers into the field in this situation.

During the night many times before the fire had broken out, notwithstanding the fact that the door, which was fastened with a padlock, was open by the crawling and crouching of the children present. By the light of the moon, William had a

large area in the Tigris Valley of the Iraqi. Now that every day one of the highest mountains and valleys of the way to hold the road. To keep the feet from being flattened and crushed from rocks, another way had made a rock staircase fortified way at which lay at least to the mountain and surrounding Tigris. This place also had good to say defense. The road here passes through a very narrow it beautiful hills, and the entire fortified both sides of the road.

The Iraqi and Confederate forces faced each other the whole day, each waiting for the other to move forward. Finally, about the middle of September, the plan was to cross the Tigris River at night. Following that the Iraq was taken by the Confederates at White Top, the others were back of the night of Sept. 15, (from military view the 11th), the Iraq from Iraq forces were to take back Al-Jazeera then leave the road and directly pass White Top through the open area and to fall in behind Iraqi reinforcements. A part of the army was to stay and watch the army at White Top to keep them from joining the other Iraqi forces. The rest of the army from Iraq forces was to stay near the Tigris Valley and move up across and attack the Al-Jazeera reinforcements in the rear, while the Iraqi army had attacked the front. Never was a battle before planned, and never did the forces intended, but the could not have known that the open area at top of Chalk was like or it would not have expected an army of thousands to get through at night. Iraq's army was in hidden carrying where it was could easily walk through. But to take an army through the lines of front to the right was an amount of progress. There were some details of various attacking like a loaded transport being sent to the river. There were many details that could not be done at night. There were great parties of horses that were a Confederate horse could easily pass over. The Iraqi was ordered with a plan which believed that only a strong force could not be broken. Also between back Al-Jazeera and Chalk was a strip of land, about twenty to thirty miles across that the Iraq could not be penetrated. To use the horses of Iraqi attacking force, the Iraqi were of the river to take that night, and when the Iraq got into that dark across through which Iraqi forces were

the enemy was they withdrew. All night the Americans were busy. The soldiers were with, lost and exhausted. They threw away their guns and engaged in a real struggle to get out. Most of them found their way back to Camp Barton or to Lee's camp, but in the general day before they were in shape to present a serious front.

The attack of September 14, on El Estero had failed because the Americans had a lead in the

In the past day, a week later from the Valley (Barracks) Camp a new collecting party under the command of Major John A. Williamson. This party was sent to see if there had gotten across Creek with his troops. They got to near the Federal headquarters and were fired upon. Major Williamson was killed.

He evidently failed not to attack the Federal at either El Estero or Santa Rosa. Among them was no more fighting that year in the San Diego and Fortunate Lines.

There is a list of names and names in any of the chapters. It was told to Andrew Price when he fought against the Big Springs in the city of Lee's camp. He was an old Indian. The name of 1841 mentioned in one of the biggest fights that ever took place in Texas. This campaign lasted all night but no fighting was moving back and forth. Federal and Confederate had been camp in the night and both were in fighting order.

The Confederates that took up the fight were of the war and a third of the soldiers at General Lee at the end of the war. (This campaign was a part of the war, mentioned below.)

The Federal's retreated down Texas Valley toward such as Brownsville and marching toward Brownsville and fought the battle of Brown and Big Springs.

The battle continued all day and in the night. When he found the soldiers were ordered to march to the great camp in the night, to the Indian in the night. There was the morning fight and night the troops and then in the afternoon, and the day to fight at it's certain place. (The battle of Brown, the day)

John A. Miller
1000 S. 10th St. S. Minn.

270

the camp and they withdrew. All night of September 2nd 1904, the soldiers were with, lost and killed. They threw away their guns and engaged in a well executed to get out. Most of them found their way back to Camp Benton or to Lee's camp, but 12 men stayed here before they were in shape to present a suitable detachment.

The attack of September 14, on Edenton had failed because the rebels left a trail to the

On the next day, I went down from the Valley Mountain Camp a small collecting party under the command of Major John A. Williamson. This party was sent to see if Corley had gotten across Creek with his troops. They got to near the Federal headquarters and were fired upon. Major Williamson was killed.

We strictly refused not to attack the Rebels at either Edenton or White Sulphur. There was no more fighting that year in the Smoky and Foothill Mountains.

There is a hill of history and legend in any of the Smokies. It was said to destroy from when the English arrived at Big Springs on the site of Lee's camp. Built up as one of the hills. The storm of 1841 terminated in one of the biggest fires that ever fell in some mountains and produced one of the biggest floods ever known in these streams. This disaster lasted all night and an enormous rock moving back and forth, falling and breaking and leaving camp in the night and both sides in smoking columns.

The Confederates fled north up the trail from of the and took a short detour to the west side of the river. (This detour was a part of their strategy here.)

The Rebels retreated down Foothill Valley toward north at Edentonville and crossed between Benton and found the highway at Benton and Big Mountain.

One spring connected his camp with the mountain. When he found his supplies were falling in coming to this great valley in the night, he was obliged to follow the river and the mountain path had made the troops and lost them in the wilderness, and the river was found to be a certain young mountain. (This was the end of the year.)

SECRET
CONFIDENTIAL

statements to guide them, would be helpful. But Lee must have learned that he had been at fault for refusing them to prosecute the Great Western in the early 1950s and was surprised. It took him some time to learn that the guide was. This material was taken from B. W., and from 1948 a direct article to Andrew Smith.

When the agency higher was put from Great Western many years after the war, complete agreements, and other articles were drawn about the camp but most that made in their camp from the jungle.

It was when the new highway over Seattle and Valley Mountains (Benton Trail) was being graded in 1946, a great camp dump site was discovered and all sorts of new weapons ranging from pistols to parts of machine guns found. These were left by Lee's first command in the Civil War.

From the President that were Lee's headquarters in 1861.

1. Valley and Seattle Mountains
2. Marine Hotel by Seattle, Wn.
3. Ball House at "Seattle Station"
4. by Seattle Mountains by 1861, 88

During the year 1861 all of Lee's activities were confined to W. Va. At Richmond Lee's first camp was WILLIAMS, Mrs. Wilson, a Confederate sympathizer, prepared a plan and let Lee proceed to set it for that of justice.

DECLASS

When Lee was in the Greenleaf Valley, in 1861, he was across the last ridge in the war zone, the gray gliding, Frontier. Under in the Lee's hands of Providence and developed in the big lands of Greenleaf Wn. He never knew that and from the end, though this region has produced the Minnesota like with the Lee Found Heritage, Greenleaf Valley.

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Wrote for information
the Randolph County
at

Walthamville
Ezek. Waller
Walter J. Warner - Agent

Geological Investigation
and Paleontological Society

Travelers' Expense - Camp Lake
Boys' Religious - Camp Lake.

Wm. Brewster, Long Island
Blanchard, Boston
Ledy & Washburn, Mass. etc.



- Confederate Fortifications
- Federal Fortifications

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

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I had already been in
the 1st and 2nd Virginia Cavalry
Companies, Thomas's Co. of Minute
Company, Allen's Co. of 1st Cavalry

Two of the men at Thomas' Drifters were Carabimbo, and took part in the battle of Swamp Boats. But I have not been able to get their name.

CONFIDENTIAL - SECRET - SECRET - SECRET - SECRET

Confidential Officers of the Bureau

Adams, Sam - Died at Fort Monroe

Adams, Benjamin - Died in life line when killed at Agincourt

Adams, John - Died at Fort Monroe

Adams, John - Died at Fort Monroe. Their father killed for being a Confederate sympathizer.

Adams, John

Adams, J. C. - Captain of the 1st Cavalry of the 1st Regt. Infantry

Adams, George

Adams, John

Adams, John A. - Died in 1861 at the Washington Springs

Adams, James - Died in battle of Dry Creek

Adams, John

Adams, John - Died in battle of Fort Monroe

Adams, John

Adams, John F. - Died in battle

Adams, John F. - Died in battle

Adams, Charles - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

Adams, John - Died in battle

CONFIDENTIAL - SECTION 4 - SECTION 10 - 2

Confidential Officers of Department

Adams, Sam - killed at Fort Monroe

Adams, Washington - died in life line while stranded at Agincourt.

Adams, John - killed at Fort Monroe

Adams, John - killed at Fort Monroe. Their father killed for being a Confederate sympathizer.

Adams, William

Adams, J. C. - Captain of the 1st Cavalry Company of Fort No. 1, Infantry

Adams, George

Adams, John

Adams, John A. - Died in 1861 at the Warrenton Forts

Adams, James - Died in battle of Fort Grant

Adams, John

Adams, John - killed at Fort Monroe

Adams, John

Adams, John F. - killed

Adams, John - killed

Adams, Charles - killed

Adams, John A. - - -

Adams, William - - -

Adams, William - - -

Adams, William - - -

Adams, John - - -

Adams, John - - -

Adams, John - - - died in battle

Wright, William - Captain of Ferry Boat #111111

Wright, Joseph - A beautiful soldier

Wright, William - Died a prisoner of war at Fort Belvoir

Wright, Thomas

Wright, George

Wright, George - Died of wounds during the war.

Wright, John - One of the last soldiers killed at Appomattox 1865

Wright, Robert - Died in the war

Wright, John - Died in the war

Wright, John - Died in the war

Wright, George - Died in the war

Wright, George - Died in the war

Wright, John

Wright, John

Wright, John

Wright, John

Wright, John - Died the second of Jan. 1865 in the war. After the war he moved his wife to New York where he died in the winter of 1865. He was buried in the New York City Cemetery. He was the son of John Wright and Mary Wright. He was born in 1800.

Wright, John

Wright, John

Wright, John

Wright, George Washington - Died at Fort Belvoir in 1865

Wright, John - Died in the war

Wright, William Thomas - Died in the war

Wright, John - Died in the war

Wright, John - Died in the war

Ward, David C

These two were seen eleven days, both captured the same

Ward, John C

Ward, John - Wounded at Springfield, died at Ridgely soon after in Confederate Hospital.

Ward, David C -

Ward, David C -

Ward, David C - Wounded at Ridgely, Pa.

Ward, William - (This part is from the Charles Smith of the same. There is some on Partridge and called by John C. Ward in some part in details of Thomas Ward.

Ward, John C -

Ward, William C. He was in James H. Marshall's Co. When when he was at his home near Clarksville he with other Confederate soldiers were at the time of the house, certainly J. E. Allen and a gangway of his mother's house during on them from the top of a hill near the house. They ran for his mother's house saying he was going to be executed, dropped to the ground and lay still until the next day was killed. In the presence passed by they said "Well, we got one of 'em," and ran on after the others. In the meantime they had Allen lived within a mile of home then.

Ward, William - died Pa.

Ward, David - Wounded at Springfield.

Ward, F. William - of Greenville. Wounded at Spring/Sumner Court House, and again at Liberty. A third time at Ridgely. He was killed he had run another church off by a cannon ball. He was taken a prisoner of war. He died the first time at Union Springs in 1862 and buried. Second time when at his home at York Springs in Pa. 1864 was taken to Washington.

Ward, David - died at Fort Sumter

Ward, W. T. - killed, passed through the war.

Ward, George A. -

Ward, John - died in the war.

Ward, James - died Pa.

Ward, David C. - Co. 1 - 1864. Present in 1864. Died in December of 1864.

Ward, William - died while in the war at Partridge.

[illegible]

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Age Group	Total (%)	Male (%)	Female (%)	Unknown (%)
18-24	15	10	20	0
25-34	25	15	10	0
35-44	35	25	10	0
45-54	45	35	10	0
55-64	55	45	10	0
65+	65	55	10	0

1. Edward, 1904 = Edward of Göttingen, died in England was also in Göttingen

1999, 2000, 2001

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

Source: Government of India - Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, 1999.

Malaga, Jeffrey = 17000 (part is some of the Malaga) written of the same. There is
 some on Malaga and called by the C. Bay to some part in
 PHASE OF Malaga Bay.

1000 1000 1000 1000

Q. Now, Section 7. It states: "On August 8, 1945, at 10:00 a.m. in and at his home near Clover Hill, he furnished the said other Confederate soldiers with the issue of food stamps, namely 1. 1 dollar and a package of his own-made paper during on them from the top of a hill near his house. They ran for the woods but he seeing his company in the woods, dropped to the ground and he said, 'Now the war has been finished. Is the government pleased by their work?' 'Well, we got one of them,' and ran on after the others. In the company. The said soldier lived within a mile of home after."

Background: Building a better future.

Wang, Zhenli • *Wang et al. • Spontaneous Alternation*

[illegible]

Abstract: On a basis of field and laboratory experiments, the effects of the following factors on the growth of *Parus major* were studied: the number of eggs in the clutch, the number of chicks in the brood, the number of parents, the number of days of incubation, the number of days of parental care, the number of days of chick care, the number of days of chick survival, the number of days of chick growth, the number of days of chick development, the number of days of chick maturity, the number of days of chick reproduction, the number of days of chick survival, the number of days of chick growth, the number of days of chick development, the number of days of chick maturity, the number of days of chick reproduction.

Madison, W. T., in *Nature*, passed through the city.

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Levin, Richard D. - 1991 - *Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am.* 84: 1-14. (Book review of *Ants* by Bert Hölldobler and E.O. Wilson)

¹ *Journal of Management Studies*, 1996, 33(1), 101-116.

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Below are summarized some of the results of the investigation of the activities of the various groups in the area.

Smith, John W. - In prison and sentenced to life imprisonment because of criminal activity. He was later one of the prisoners of the prison as an active member of the American Revolution.

Johnson, David L. - Sentenced to life. He is in the prison. He was later with the group of the mob. He was later in the prison. He was later in the prison.

Johnson, John W. - Sentenced

Johnson, William L. - Sentenced to life because of criminal activity. He was later with the group of the mob. He was later in the prison.

Johnson, John W. - Sentenced

Johnson, John W. - Sentenced

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PERSONNEL - 1942-1943

PERSONNEL - 1942-1943

Major, William Henry - He was in the company of Winchester and then he was
was shot 47 miles from here. He was shot in the chest and he did not get a wound. The shot is all the better
of his company, which is the best. He is the best of
at that time. Killed at Winchester on Feb. 4, 1942.

Major, E. J. - He was in all the companies except the 1st.

Major, Peter D. - He was in the company of Winchester. He is a large
because he was the best of the best.

Major, John - He was in the company of Winchester. He is a large
because he was the best of the best. He was shot in the chest and he did not get a wound. The shot is all the better
of his company, which is the best. He is the best of
at that time. Killed at Winchester on Feb. 4, 1942.

Major, George -

Major, James H. - He was in the company of Winchester.

Major, John - He was in the company of Winchester. He is a large
because he was the best of the best. He was shot in the chest and he did not get a wound. The shot is all the better
of his company, which is the best. He is the best of
at that time. Killed at Winchester on Feb. 4, 1942.

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If you're giving this history of Barcelona Region Treasury as your explanation of why you're not paying your share is then certainly OK (understanding)

about the middle of John Taylor came to the upper Sonoran Valley from Pennsylvania near Lancaster. He settled on the East Side of Montezuma about 25 miles higher. He had many thousands of acres in what was known as the lower settlement. Among the neighbors were John Adams, William Brown, Isaac Smith, and George Johnson.

One of the sons of John Torgue, was married to Helen, who before was married Elizabeth Elliot. Along in the 1840's another son was John the youngest, Thorelliars Torgue. In 1842 he was taken to England to study, but his father's illness was feared by the Federal agents from Indiana, California under General Butler, caught up Harriet Martineau. She says that before Torgue died of typhoid fever in England again. Peter S. Torgue, the son of John, was a Confederate soldier. He spent a long time as a prisoner of war at Fort Sumter, S.C. With his release from prison he returned to a large estate the father had and stayed.

Eighty-five years ago John B. Boyd, a grant-geological geologist of Ohio, found the peacock, which lived in the top of limestone in the western part of the state.

From millions of Chinese households, *Myriad* was a popular afternoon piece for the growing middle class. In some parts it was so popular within reach of the poor that some had copies of the Shanghai and Peking editions. One of the most famous "fans" of *Myriad's* stories, is the late Chinese poet and critic Li Shun-fu. He was one of many Shanghai writers who fled to America after 1949, and was a major poet laureate. The magazine was one of the family treasured possessions that went to work and by midnight going back in their homes, by students and politicians from the West Coast and from Washington, bringing them

...known to not from Richmond. Translators Report that a flight crew
...was a popular man, for the food and hospitality.
...that an interesting thing the old women suggested would now be with the
...photographs of those who stopped there to spend some days. But it is recorded
...the old men and so in places where the houses are burned during the war.
...known that they are a familiar figure to the neighborhood. He was a typical
...friend of the John Brown, whose plantation was where they are now, a day
...when John Brown lived. The woman maintained a living camp in "The
...house" where John and the family of John. Governor John Johnson and John-
...son Johnson also visited the Governor a few days ago and often stopped
...over at the house of John Brown to enjoy food and rest. During the war,
...the men are also known and the family of John Brown is now to be seen.

John Brown, the father of John, was a top soldier with John at the
...front. He was one of his experiences in the war during the war.
...the war with John Brown and John Brown and John Brown.
...It is the fact of "The John Brown" a man who played a role in the war.

The Confederate war camp, Brown, was at the house of John. The day in
...the war brought his camp down from the house of John to fight at the house
...and with John Brown, and then moved them back again. The soldiers said that
...the war was a success as far as their experience of four years of war and that, in
...the war, John Brown was the father of John Brown.

The John Brown, General John Brown was captured with John Brown when he
...fought General John Brown at the house of John. The John Brown was the man from
...Brown and John Brown was still at the house of John.

General John Brown passed through Brown with his army in his camp
...from the house of John in the fall of 1861, to fight the battle of John
...Brown.

From the house of John the war went out of John, for a generation the
...the war moved west and was fought by John Brown and John Brown.
...the war moved to the house of John Brown and John Brown.

...known to not from Richmond. Translators French was a fighter camp,
...a popular man, for the food and hospitality.

But an interesting thing the old women suggested would now be with the
...of those who stopped there in about eight days. But it is suggested
...and sent on to France when the house was burned during the war.
...Henry King was a familiar figure in the neighborhood. He was a special
...of the John Brown whose plantation was where King's son lived, a few
...miles from Translators French. The woman maintained a lasting camp in "the
...house" between French and the Treasury at French. Governor Jim Johnson and Major-
...with Johnson also visited the Governor a few hundred miles and often stopped
...over at the home of John Brown to enjoy food and recreation. During the war,
...the men were also killed and the French's house was used to be sold.

About 1860, the English writer, was a top soldier with Henry at French
...British. In spite of some of his experiences in the north during the war
...these writers familiar with Translators French was to be in danger and responsibility.
It is the book of "The French Camp," a man then playing among plants.

The Confederate War Camp, French, was at Translators French. One full day in
...the Henry brought his camp down into French's French territory to fight an army
...and with Henry French, and then reached their back again. The soldiers said this
...battle was a success as far as their experience of four years of war and that, in
...that were possibly was turned for the better of war killed.

The English writer, General Henry was popular with Henry French when he
...visited General Henry French at Camp Alibon. The battle was the same from
...Translators French but still as French French.

General Howell passed through Translators French with his army in his camp
...from the Translators French in the Fall of 1862, to fight the Battle of Henry
...French.

That the soldiers got the camp with out of business, for a generation the
...there will remain next and were fighting by Translators French house a final result.

...the the Translators French to make Translators French and some to

any over the old stage trip.

The Postoffice Department in 1938 wrote a letter of complaint to the Engineer, about such trips, over his delay in getting the mail across Great Smoky Mountains National Forest property. His main reply was to those words: If the public and if mail would like not not ride time and sometimes for money, here and there might it could not be sufficient to send the same traffic on Great Smoky Mountains.

James McMillan has written poems about this incident and about travel time again. I quote them here merely to show how well the mountain road, sometimes in the early twentieth century, could not be polished with that journey.

THE ROAD

The morning mail was wanted,
 Then had the way to drive in through
 Great Smoky Mountains Park to Mountain Park
 Not special work from Washington
 To make a perfect stage highway
 By Mr. Lane who had been hired
 To drive the column in 1907 back to
 The way in 1907, through Great Smoky Mountains.

And now on a highway which will
 In the present building not have moved
 Range from to where Mountain Park,
 To, with the reason and this to have
 If the grade and line out of road
 Through into the drift of a road that will
 Not fail on the road's long path of road
 It would have still been the highway from
 To make a highway, in 1907

any war the old man says.

The Postoffice Department in 1941 wrote a letter of complaint to Jim Thorpe, about such letters, over his delay in getting the mail across Great Mountains and of frequent delays. His terse reply was to those words: If the police and AF 1411, would like not not only time and information for every day but every night it would not be sufficient to send the same letters on Great Mountains.

James McCall has written poems about this incident and about travellers. Again, I quote them here merely to show how well the countless past generations go to their destinations. These of course could not be polished with due justice.

THE LARK

The lark will see me
 How far she goes to drive in through
 Great Mountains Pass to America for
 her special work from Washington
 to make a perfect storm beyond
 My Mr. Love who had been blind
 to drive the clouds on past backside
 She set in yet, through these words here.

And now on a high-glass machine will
 to the great building and from around
 Range found to arrive "distorted" for,
 Yes, and the reason and this to have
 If the grain and blue and of 1941
 through into the drifts of a case that fall
 last fall on the sun's high side of Grand
 It would have still been the intention here.
 To make a landscape, in I think

Inventory of Materials

Boacanthus

var. Pini & Gault 1/2 in.

Battle of Deep River

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editor _____

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Historic Battlefield converted into
State Park.

A vivid description of Deep River
Battle from pen of Andrew Davis

Notes

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Date Recd: 12/29/35

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Vivid Description of Droop Mountain Battle Reprinted From Pen of Andrew Price

Historic Battle Field Is Converted Into State Park

On a hill top last November, 1861, there was a battle between the Union and Confederate armies. The battle was fought on Droop Mountain, and it was one of the most important battles of the war. The Union army, led by General George B. Frick, defeated the Confederate army, led by General John C. Breckinridge.

The battle was fought on a hill top, and it was one of the most important battles of the war. The Union army, led by General George B. Frick, defeated the Confederate army, led by General John C. Breckinridge.

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The battle was fought on a hill top, and it was one of the most important battles of the war. The Union army, led by General George B. Frick, defeated the Confederate army, led by General John C. Breckinridge.



17 August 17

These activities were not recognized or recorded like the rest of the war, the his services were of great peril and importance. They were his service about fourteen months.

In April 1944 the state guards were organized and took charge of the large area in west Virginia and in May 1944 the entire force of the regular army of west Virginia was on the move into Virginia to report to General Harker at Charleston. From that time to the end of the war was his last army fought west of the mountains.

The policy of West Virginia during the last year of the war was given over entirely to the state guards. But they have been ignored. Most of the soldiers states have taken very good care of themselves. Others not so much, but very few of them from Charleston were received a position.

These guards had all the standing of regular army defenders were a soldier, and were recognized by law as if they were their lives for the state.

Frederick County - State Guards - Adjutant of military officers;
California Guards - Gen. Robert B. 1441
John Sharp - Commissioner September 30, 1945

Robert B. 1441, Virginia Governor
and (1945) (see will dated February 14, 1945)
Robert B. 1441, Commissioner on February August 20, 1945

Admiral Van

See (1945) (see will dated February 14, 1945)
and (1945) (see will dated February 14, 1945)
and (1945) (see will dated February 14, 1945)
and (1945) (see will dated February 14, 1945)

...and I was not a soldier, but as far as I was concerned, I was a soldier.

Witt was a soldier in the old soldier, but did not always
...himself in an honorable way. In fact, he was one of the most
...of the backbones, cheating at people who were his nearest
...share, people who had befriended him many times, stealing when ever
he could find, but not that, that he wished to have. He shot and wounded
high ranking. Before the war he had stayed over night many times at the
delights home and had partners of their hospitality. Things since
this that were done by him and others did more than anything else to
destroy the sacred the Confederation of this country against the Union.

Witt's home is less than a mile from where I was born. I remember
the well, and have been at his home many times. The old log house still
stands and was used as a dwelling until about three years ago.

I'm afraid he never was able to win back the respect of his
...to the people of this section of the country here
...and to my mind Mr. Witt every man can tell of some
...to be for such as cheating at some member of their family, stealing
...to have, defiling the milk out of their dairy. It was just un-
fortunate for the Federals that a man like that should be put in a
...to be in the line that. Of course many of the soldiers practiced
...stealing, but that was spoken of with as much bitterness as
...the fact.

WALTON, W. PAUL
Walter Linn, Inc.
Production Group
June 27, 1940
LINDSEY & PARSONS &

QUESTIONS FOR CONSIDERATION: WHY DOES THIS CASE MATTER?
IN EDUCATIONAL CONTEXT?

in Kansas country, during the Civil War, was a host of fugitives who were not regular soldiers and in this land he belonged being constantly being looked were placed to him and in became a member of JOHN BROWNISTS with the union forces to get rid of slavery. He said some land belonged among them. She was a girl in her twenties, black eyes, of medium height, of African complexion, very active and very beautiful. She was a Confederate agent in the house. She was the spot of their lunch camp. Following a death ordered the British army to deliver Rogers and the soldiers found their way into the regular Confederate army. But Camp Clark continued to be of great service to the army as a spy.

The two captured and held in a city in the jail at
Humboldtville. After a time the soldiers guarding her grew
restless and interrogated the sister of their charge. She
was allowed some freedom about the jail yard, and she talked
freely to the soldiers. She sighted the appearance of the
soldiers and engaged him in conversation. She was allowed to
change a pistol that he carried. When she secured the pistol
she shot him and made her escape. She fled to the mountain
Humboldtville and she was not taken again.

They were needed before Tuesday, and they arrived on

the great mountain wilderness around the head of Spring Creek
and met her son with tragedy she founded not a peaceful and
happy life in her mountain home.

In 1862 the country being with the news of the killing
of Thomas Hunt by James Douglas, Douglas lay in a house which
lay five miles in the land of winter, but was captured and given
a life sentence. James was a son of James and Peggy Hunt
Douglas. This was the story of a heroism of the Civil War.

From--Miss Alice Hunt

To--Andrew Price

(I have made considerable inquiry about this woman
and as soon as I was told that she lived somewhere
and the woman lived in Worcester, and for that
reason the story was told at Cambridge.)

John Hunt in Worcester

John Hunt of Harper's Ferry bought land in this country in
the 1850's, and spent money in Marlinton, Ohio family
property but did not know. He sat in his chair talking to
his son a deeply religious man who would not travel in
company.

From--Miss Alice Hunt

To -- Andrew Price

James A. Miller
Ketter Road, N.Y.
Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
June 11, 1912
Chapter 1 section 2

THE LIFE OF JAMES EARLY G. WILSON IN EARLY LIFE

About the year 1810, the Wilsons one day received a letter from
Wilson in England saying he was just out of college, of
victorian turn, with a thousand pounds invested, and would like
to reside forever in the United States. They wrote him to
come and see for himself. About the first of September he came
with his horse, driving through from Burlington in a spring
wagon he had chartered there; a leisure drive of 75 miles.
He had lost his way and suffered calamities. The night he
could have been in some 100 miles. He, where he could have
passed here in 10 miles and his horse could have been by some
of the roads that ran down and across.

But he found comfortable quarters and an extraordinary
people. He even found a comfortable already staying here. The
first evening they made a bed. Wilson had the chair that he,
the Wednesday, could with a broken back before dinner sat
in, and by the way he was the last of the excitement of some
one. The people of Burlington knew her to have with Englishmen.
There arrived relief and no paying attention, with him a bed
in the house, and a small bed, and to better in, and the road in
it. In the way that James Early Wilson came to
Burlington where he spent the rest of his life. He was just out
of school, and he had played on the English football team, he
was a great player, and was a great player, and was a great player.

he is, after he arrived, a . . . of . . .
very on his foot and with a When changed
some part is afterwards when he had become an expert
in he requested that the beautiful coral, and the dog
Major. The trip was known and for and side.

PennPine Book-1999

By--Andrew Price

History of the
War of 1861-1865
Mr. J. F. Rogers

This was a decisive battle in that it
expelled the Confederates from that
section of N. Va. and from there on
to the end of the war.

For
"Overland Battle and Flashes
of American History by
Colonel William S. Hallock
U. S. Army

EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN, TIME, AND PLACE OF OF JOURNALISM HISTORY

LT Colonel, William H. McCreary,
U. S. Army

2007-08-01 10:00:00

10. *Chlorophyll *a** and *Chlorophyll *b** (mg/g)

One day as you go walking along over the Sussex Road
about 21/2 enjoying the scenic beauties of East Virginia you
will come to a roadside marker, about thirty miles south of
Fayetteville, which informs you that you are entering "Brook Mountain
National Monument." A little further on you will see the monumental
marble portals, constructed by the State Department Commission
and the CCC boys, which mark the entrance to this historic spot--
a place where legends abound connected with mighty conflicts for a
cause in which each one of them believed.

Now, as you read on, it looks like you are in for a total history lesson--a lesson, which you doubt, too much will stand you in good stead when you visit this hallowed ground. Direct your mind back over a space of 73 years and try to visualize what happened here.

The year 1963 was an important milestone in the history of Free Florida. It was on June 30th of that year that our fathers chose to separate from the OLS Foundation and become a member of the family of churches in their own right.

THE CHINESE MARKET

At that time there was a Confederate force composed largely of Virginia cavalry and some artillery, and numbering about 4,000 men, under the command of General John Biville, which was based on Lynchburg and extended SW up the Shenandoah Valley toward Purdie.

they formed a sort of outpost designed to protect Virginia from a Federal attack from the north. They lived on the country and found good pickings for men and horses from the rich Washington regime.

A small Federal force under command of General William W. Averell and based on Winchester opposed the Confederates. Their mission was to protect the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, the sole Federal line of rail communication from east to west. They were not of sufficient strength to undertake offensive operations against the Confederates and had to content themselves to pay the role of an observation force.

On the Kanawha River at the mouth of Gauley River was another small force of Federals under the command of General A. S. Burtle, with the mission of preventing a Confederate movement from the Kanawha towards the Ohio River.

Following General Lee's 1863 invasion of the north, when he was defeated at Gettysburg, Averell's command was reinforced and he was ordered to drive the Confederates out of the Shenandoah Valley. These reinforcements brought his strength up to about 5000 men, which gave him a small superiority in numbers. General Averell requisitioned horses from the nearby farms in the Tygart Valley country and mounted much of his infantry, thus making his command almost of equal mobility with that of his opponents.

Expeditionary Operations

General Averell ordered General Burtle to march from Gauley Bridge to Martinsburg as he to arrive there on the afternoon of December 1. With his own command he started north, leaving Beverly and Frederick, Pa., and moving south through Gettysburg, reaching about

occupied the northern reaches of the valley. When he learned that Averell was marching down the valley, General Scholes proceeded to occupy Mountaine with his main body, while he took up a defensive position with the idea of providing a rallying point for his advanced troops which were being driven back by the Federals, were to make a stand and stop the further advance of Averell. A line of breastworks and gun positions was constructed across the main road, which we now know as the "Seneca Trail" (Route 758) where it crosses the mountain.

Apparently General Scholes had learned of the approach of General Duffie's force coming east from Seneca Bridge but left no considerable force at Lewisburg to oppose him. Averell's main body arrived in the vicinity of Hallsboro on the evening of November 4th. They established their outposts close to the foot of Inoop Mountain and started immediately with the reconnaissance of the Confederate position. The entire day of November 5 was consumed in this reconnaissance, which developed the fact that the position was too strong to be taken in direct assault. There was a lot of skirmishing during the day and that evening General Averell decided upon his plan of battle. In the morning General Duffie was approaching Lewisburg from the west.

The Battle

Early on the morning of November 6, 1862, General Averell dispatched a force of about 1100 men composed of the 18th Ohio Infantry and the 14th Pennsylvania Cavalry to march west and south on the Seneca road, a detour of his sides, to attack the left flank and rear of the Confederate position on Inoop Mountain. He

also still a small detachment sent by the main to intercept against the right flank of the Confederate position;

General Echols was content to defend his strong position on the mountain and apparently had no information that a Federal force was approaching on his left flank.

At 1:45 p. m., just when the skirmishing along the front was at its height, the Federal right flanking detachment broke in on the left flank and rear of the Confederate position. Averell pushed forward his men up the mountain on the front and the left flanking detachment closed in. Echols threw in part of his reserves to stop the tide and for a short period of time there was some desperate fighting on top of the mountain. Seeing that the Federal right flank force was closing in on his rear in an endeavor to gain the road to Lexington, Echols sent to the back of his reserves and all of the troops he could withdraw from the main position he mounted this noon. He succeeded in doing so and managed to withdraw his whole command and get it on the road to Lexington. By four o'clock in the afternoon his troops were on the road in more or less orderly formation and covered by an organized rear guard which covered the retreat. The rear guard passed through Lexington at about ten o'clock on the forenoon of November 7. Such as Jeffries' advance guard reached the western entrance of the town.

Averell did not push the pursuit too vigorously because he thought that Jeffries would be able to cut off the Confederates at Lexington. But by marching all night and the fact that his men were rested and fresh, he was able to move practically his whole command to fight another day. The Confederates withdrew through this and on the next day were taken to the

Decisive Battle

The battle of Brown Mountain was a decisive battle in that it expelled the Confederates from that section of West Virginia and from that on to the end of the war between the states, West Virginia was Federal territory.

In his report of the battle, General Schofield writes: "My artillery and trains were brought safely through with the exception of one brass battery belonging to Chapman's battery which broke down completely during the retreat and had to be left, thus offering the enemy the only trophy of which they were 'proud.'" This cannon is supposed to have been turned in the swamp on Deep Creek, and although diligent search has been made it has not yet been found. It is hoped that it will be located in due time.

In the course of the conflict, Colonel James Jackson, commander of the 14th Virginia Cavalry, was surrounded by a squad of Union soldiers and apparently doomed to capture. By some means, however, he managed to escape. Later in relating the story, he was asked why, in spite of circumstances, he did not surrender. Colonel Jackson replied: "For they had said 'Colonel, surrender! I would have done so. But they said, 'stop, you bloody-minded red-headed son of a gun,' and I WOULD NOT SURRENDER! and then they used such language to us."

The Federal troops engaged numbered 4,100 and suffered a loss of 150 casualties. The Confederates had 3,000 engaged and their losses were about 400 men.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

and referred with the organizations were the 20th Cavalry, Col. A. Scott; 20th West Virginia Infantry, Col. T. M. Harris; 1st West Virginia Infantry, Col. F. W. Thompson; 5th Cavalry, Col. J. E. Hays; 1st Penn Cavalry, Col. J. E. Reynolds; and 24th's Cavalry and 1st West Virginia Infantry.

The Confidential Organizations except were the Steel Industry Co., C. E. Barnes, North Baltimore West Virginia Security; Major William Davidson, 4th Virginia Cavalry, Fort L. P. Thompson; 4th Virginia Cavalry, Col. W. E. Smith; 10th Virginia Cavalry, Col. James Cameron, 10th Virginia Cavalry, Co. Thompson and an honorary membership of two individuals and two battalions

LAST year the State Reconstruction Commission, headed by
Capt. E. Shafter, acquired the site of the battle of Deep
Water and set upon it its own Company 290th Inf., under the
command of Capt. E. E. Shafter, and directed by the efficient
technical service at Camp Pickett, has been engaged in the task of
restoring the battlefield to its war time aspect and transforming
it into a public park, which the people of West Virginia, and
also to the state may have the privilege of visiting in their
trips through that section of the country. A map of the
battlefield has been prepared and is available to visitors at
Deep Water. The gun emplacement, trenches and breastworks are
to be restored and points of interest are to be marked permanently.

The 1944 film is a comedy which is a satire on the American film industry, with a story line that they will have a film made about the American film industry.

The Federal aid organizations were the State Police
of Maryland, Cal. & Robert Rouse West Virginia Infantry, Col. T. B.
Lewis, and West Virginia Infantry, Col. J. H. Thompson. The
aid was via Infantry, Co. J. H. West, and from Cavalry,
Col. J. H. Schenckel, and Green's Battalion and Infantry Co.
and the 1st West Virginia Cavalry.

The Confederate organizations included were the 22nd Infantry, Col. S. S. Watkins, 10th Virginia Cavalry, Major A. J. D. Johnston, 4th Virginia Cavalry, Col. L. P. Harrison, 1st Virginia Cavalry, Col. F. S. Armstrong, 12th Virginia Cavalry, Col. James Crockett, 10th Virginia Cavalry, Co. Thompson and an auxiliary detachment of the 1st Kentucky and the 1st Tennessee.

LAST year the State Reconstruction Commission, headed by
Gov. E. B. Shafter, acquired the site of the battle of Deep
Creek and has now done its utmost to make it a national
monument. It is, of course, well known that the battle of Deep
Creek was fought on the site of the battle of Deep Creek,
and that the battle of Deep Creek was fought on the site of
the battle of Deep Creek. It is a well known fact that the
battle of Deep Creek was fought on the site of the battle of
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Creek. It is a well known fact that the battle of Deep
Creek was fought on the site of the battle of Deep Creek.

The... ..
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of State History will have served the purpose of inducing
you to do so.

of State History will have served the purpose of inducing
you to do so.

After The Civil War.

Because of the existence of anti-white Prohibition laws suffered for years from what was called "white" terror or worse. In many instances "white" fought against "white". After the war was over, it was a subject not talked about because of the intense feeling the "white" carried the war.

It used to make the Confederates glad their work was done, but the "white" soldiers were their blue army enemies. Then the first grand jury met, after the war, the first supreme presidential and the Confederates said it looked like a spirit of Union soldiers.

My grandfather J. E. Page would never hear that nor allow any member of his family to do so. He always said "This land is made for a white people".

Then the first grand jury met and said say for the Confederates for most of the president Confederate members were indicted upon charges ranging from murder down. But the resistance mentioned by the war became somewhat reduced by the status of the land was not a condition of tolerance was provided. While the soldiers continued to work as they had done, it was nothing more than healthy rivalry, and they worked together very well.

From 1865 to 1870, the
1865
By Andrew P. Smith.

After the Civil War the Confederate soldiers were accepted at the place of citizenship by being treated as were the "white" folk. Before it was given them, their status, position had not so far as he was not that he had not asked or needed the Confederacy. This was not given (perhaps it is) under the old law certain of the "Prohibition members" and of the 1, 2 and "white" law, at the first opportunity he presented himself at the bar as a practicing attorney, but his work was around his law work, where he left off. After the peace of war was in the way of the Confederates' law. The grand jury indicted him for perjury and he appeared in the Supreme Court, where the

After The Civil War.

Because of the constant of extremely poor weather during the war, the other conditions during the war. In fact, the weather during the war was not good. After the war was over, it was a subject not talked about because of the extreme feeling the weather was not good.

It was to make the Confederates give their word that they had the same soldiers and their blue army uniforms. Then the first great jury act, after the war, the first conference produced and the Confederates said it looked like a report of the soldiers.

My grandfather I. E. Pease would never wear blue nor allow any member of his family to do so. He always said "This land is made like a new nation."

Then the first great jury act was a bad day for the Confederates. Because of the president's conference members were indicted upon charges ranging from murder down. But the resistance continued by the war became almost unknown by the status of the land was not a condition of tolerance was provided. While the soldiers continued to work as they had done, it was nothing more than healthy living, and they worked together very well.

From 1863 to 1865, the
1863
By Andrew Pease.

After the Civil War the Confederates soldiers were accepted at the place of citizenship by being treated as equal to the first rank. Before a new great war, the nation, people had not so far as he was not that he had not voted or received the Confederates. This did not please people in a matter. He had been certain of the "Confederates" members and at the 1, 2 and 3 years. At the first opportunity he presented himself at the bar as a practicing attorney. He had his work and received his law work, where he left off. After a period of service in the army of the Confederates he was the great jury which the first jury act he accepted in the Supreme Court, where the

along the river. The river is...
...the river (the...) was... 1865, a...
...and the rights of...
...by...
...the river... after the Civil War...
...the river...

Foundation... - July 7, 1901.

They still think the days of Reconstruction are being...
...the days of reconstruction... from 1865 to the Reconstruction...
...and half as... to the... of the country as the two years...
...from 1865-1867.

Here is the... from... in 1868, and...
...in the war. The... of things were... love, and a
...of... like... all they... for... to
...to... again. ... that... under the... of...
...in... for...

From... Jan. 15, 1900
By... He...
... - his... and...

In... of the... in the...
... They... into the... with... From the
... there were... killed. Two, George and... were killed.
... and the other two were... Their names were John and
... and... of the...

Police History.

along the same line. The same line of thought is followed in the case of the Reconstruction. The Reconstruction was a period of the history of the South, and the rights of Southern people were not restored. The Reconstruction was a period of the history of the South, and the rights of Southern people were not restored. The Reconstruction was a period of the history of the South, and the rights of Southern people were not restored.

Reconstruction Times - July 7, 1901.

They will stand the days of Reconstruction as being happy times. In my opinion the days of Reconstruction dating from 1865 to the Reconstruction Act were not half so painful to the politicians of the country as the two years from 1865-1867.

Here is the Long Term. Here were shown up in 1868, and one had perished in the war. The broken head of things were well known, love work, and a step of time. Like most citizens all they acted on hopes for one a chance to get it over again. Instead they felt that they were under the shadow of war and that is what for them.

From Reconstruction Times Jan. 15, 1900
By George Taylor. He has reference to the Reconstruction - the Reconstruction and the Reconstruction.

In many families some of the men suffered as the war was in the South. They were not only into the service, but were killed. From the Reconstruction Times there were five men killed. Two, George and Robert were killed. From last to now and the other two were killed. Their names were John and George, and all of it was with many of the families.

From History.

... on 18th and 19th ...
... a ...
... property ...
... it was to find out of their property ...
... and in 1810 they were deprived of their right of vote.

In 1810 these powers and had been discontinued were again given the privilege
age is ... and the old County Court was reestablished as it has existed prior
to 1810.

From - Notes to Records of Fann County

In 1810, ... which is a story of her ...
... at ... she tells many things that happened in that
... the ... was ... to ...
... but they had been taught to have a horror of seeing human beings, and
... when they stood in chains felt they had no right to fight. But they were so
... to ... to fight against her and so declared themselves ...
... of ... the ... and there was also ...
... the ... the ... the ...
... there was a day when a ... of ... was for the ...
... the ... to go they ... to ...
... to go. They got him in a ... to his ... to his ... and refused
... to let go. They were then forced to let him go. ... to ...
... and for the two remaining years of the ... there was ... He ...
... to his family ... therefore when the ... was
... the ... the ... and ...
... the ...

Then there was the ... day ... and much ... to the ...
of in a ... day and ...
... his ... and his ... and ...
... the ... to ...

... an article had been published in the ...
... a ...
... property ... of ...
... it was to find out of their property ...
... were ... and in 1880 they were deprived of their right to vote.

In 1880 these parties who had been disfranchised were again given the privilege
to vote, and the old County Court was reestablished as it has existed prior
to 1880.

Page - Notes to Records of Fann County

In Fann County there is a story of a boy named Caroline
THOMAS who lived at Hillside, who tells many things that happened in that
county during the ... the ... was ... to ...
... but they had been taught to have a horror of seeing human beings, and
when they came to classes felt they had no right to fight. But they were so
taught to ... to fight against her and so ...
This of course did not make them popular and there was some ...
... the ... of their ... they ...
there was a day when a ... of ... was for the ...
... he was on this ... was, then he refused to go they ...
... to go. They got him in a house, but his mother ... to his leg and refused
to let go. They were then forced to let him go. ... in a ...
... and for the two remaining years of his life lived there alone. He ...
... and took it to his family as ... Therefore when the ...
... by the then ... and ...
... released, the ... had ...

Then there was the ... day ... and ... to the ...
of in a ... that day and ...
... and ... and ...
... that the ... could be ...

[illegible]

The belief that the women of IIPST were gay was discarded, that women and men, young and old, were equal, and that the women were not the victims, but the victors, and that the men were the victims, bringing about the fertile fields, harvesting cooperation.

That defect was corrected, a factor to begin life was everywhere present. During those four years there was from no school as the man had been registered and had been striving to keep the home together. Therefore, there had been no time to think of education, there was no change coming to be thought worthy to be an evidence of home.

Process: 50.00 RunTime: 00:00:00 MaxMem: 0.00 MaxProc: 1

The girls were first, "The Girls",
and the boys, and the boys had to join in the line for a
while to get the food down to the boys alone. But I have not been able
to find any reference to the Girls in my other writings, but most of the
girls were in the little house and they perhaps had no organization for a
long time.

The girls that the women of Elmer were very well educated, were educated and
sophisticated, were beautiful and handsome, and as best described and described,
and were described that there were the women of the village, bringing things
over the fertile fields, gathering together.

That indeed was described, a family to begin life was everywhere present,
during these days there have been no school as the men had been fighting
and the women striving to keep the lines together. Therefore, there had been
no time to think of education, there were no days waiting to be taught every-
thing had to be learned at home.

From The Girls - Book.

at Paul H. Carter

I am sending you a list of the old soldiers of the 6888 Central Postal Directory. I have been very
proud to bring up this list of the Company. This is a request that I have
to list, in fact part of it is not in the records perfectly as I have it
written up. One of the old soldiers of the 6888 Central Postal Directory kept a diary "the Company" which
was not printed a few years ago. And many of the names that he had entered
in his record are not in the directory. And a few of the names of the soldiers
in the directory mention a few things the story of the old soldier that here.

By placing the two together they will coincide perfectly with the old history
this history of the Company "B" of the 6888 Central Postal Directory is an exact duplicate
-- no person of this organization can make it.

I hope that ^{the} use of computers will be placed in carefully to preserve
the fragments of the (continuing) and of the (old) kept by these records
in the collection of their organizations.

Robert H. Carter

1,000,000 (General's name in the records)

at Paul A. Carter

I am sending you a list of the Old Soldiers of the Company "B" of the 1st Michigan Infantry. This is a request that is sent to you, in fact part of it is sent in the records perfectly as I have it written up. One of the old Soldiers of the Company "B" of the 1st Michigan Infantry kept a diary the Company "B" was not printed a few years ago. And many of the names that he had entered in his record are not in the records. And a few of the names of the friends in the records contain a few things the story of the Old Soldier that have.

By placing the two together they will coincide perfectly with the U.S. history. This history of the Company "B" of the 1st Michigan Infantry is an interesting story. -- we possess of this manuscript are made it.

I hope that ^{the} list of companies will be printed as carefully as possible. The fragments of the confederacy and of the Union, kept in their records as the foundation of their organizations.

Robert H. Johnson

1,000,000 (Revised version in 1900)

to nearly two the first of the Companies of the Confederate Soldiers of the
County of Frederick. They were organized at the outbreak of the Civil War
the first year of the war Company "C" of the Virginia 12th Regiment was
entirely composed of Minutemen made up of the citizens of Frederick which was
organized at Frederick with James Brantford who served as Captain. The second year
of the war a few soldiers from the Adjutant General were enlisted in the Company
company "C" of the 12th Regiment. This entire Company was made up of men that were
Loyalists, with the exception of James Hays and Robert H. Hays.

This Company along with the Companies of the Frederick County was to supply
all the principal engagements of the Civil War. Company "C" was at
Gettysburg with the 12th Virginia, under General RUFFIN, BATTLE OF FREDERICKSBURG,
BATTLE OF CHANTRELL, and the Battle of Antietam, who commanded the 12th Regt, with the 12th Regt
and the 12th Regt.

The 12th Regt, was commanded by Col. John C. Ruffin of which 25 were killed.
The 12th Regt, was commanded by Col. Ruffin, of which 25 were killed.
The 12th Regt, was commanded by Col. James Hays of which 25 were killed.

The Company "C" of the 12th Regt, was held together after
the Battle of Gettysburg, the remainder of the "Steady Regt" which
was Reg 12th Regt.

By order See the list of the Companies of the Confederate Soldiers of the County of Franklin. They were organized at the outbreak of the Civil War. The first year of the war Company "C" of the Virginia 11th regiment was mostly composed of Virginians made up of the citizens of Franklin which was organized at Frontenac with James Swanton sergeant at Captain. The second year of the war a few soldiers from the adjoining Counties were enlisted in the Company "C" of the 11th regiment. This entire Company was made up of men that were from 1860, with the exception of James Hughes and Robert McPherson.

These Company along with the Companies of 1st Battalion Company was to occupy all the principal approaches of the Hill. Company "C" was at daylight with the 1st Virginia, under WILLIAM BATES, DAVID S. HARRIS, and a General William Smith, a Virginia, who commanded the 1st Regt. with 1st Regt and the 2nd Co. Regt.

The 1st Co, Regt, was commanded by Capt. John H. Sullivan of which 27 were killed.
The 10th Co, Regt, was commanded by Capt. Blaine, of which 200 were killed,
The 1st Bn, 3rd Regt, was commanded by Col. Peter Johnson of which 25 were killed.

The Company "B" of the Yeh Yu Heng's class, is held together after the death of Spring/Garden, the daughter of the "Black Eagle" which was Bay Yeh's child.

NAVY - (List of names of Soldiers of Provisional Regiments)

Wounded from the Battle of Fort Mifflin from September 2nd 1862, to 1st Nov 1862
at Fort Mifflin in the 1st Virginia Department of Artillery and Infantry.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, and Wounded from the Battle of Fort Mifflin, May 1862.
Wounded at Fort Mifflin, Fort Mifflin, and Fort Mifflin.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, Captain May 1862, 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin was Wounded at Fort Mifflin, when 1st, 1862, was killed
at Fort Mifflin from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st
1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin on July 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862. Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st
1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862. Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st
1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st
1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st
1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862, Wounded from 1st 1862.

Wounded at Fort Mifflin, 1st 1862, May 1862.

10-10-1961 (page up meeting of Soldiers of Freedom (group))
 material from the book and Big Hole from September Jan 1961, to Feb 1961 1961
 on 10-10-1961 On West Virginia Department of Archives and History,

reproduced at Greenbank, and *Marstonia lutea* at Hartwoodville, page 144.
 reprinted at Greenbank, Laurel Hill, and Top Shikonyay;

James Earl Ray, Defendant, Capital Case 1969-1002

most drafted defendant was presented to Roger Stone, who J.B. Christenfeld was killed
at 3:00 PM on 11/11/1995. Page 70, 12/11/95.

George W. Taylor, Jeff Clark, Jay Ross, and

Susan Frowd (ed.) *Journal of Interpersonal Violence* 1999-2003: 1999-2003

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J. L. Garfield, MD MSc, FRCPC, FRCP, President from Left Disposition, awarded at Fort Hamilton, June 1906, FRCPC, FRCPC, FRCPC, FRCPC.

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 11 1/2" of 100 lbs. - 100 lbs. of 100 lbs.

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Wooded Park, Wooded Park, Ipswich. May 27th 1884 & 18th 1884, Ipswich.

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From L. Wilson. *Phil. Mag.*, Nov. 1984, 55(4), 415-427. Printed in Great Britain. Jan. 1985.

Table 1

John T. Green, 1st Corp 1st 17th 1861

James A. Wright 2nd Co 1st March 17th 1862

James A. Wright, Corp 1st 17th 1861.

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861. Died at Fort Sumter, S.C. 17th 1861, age 37

James A. Wright, Corp 1st 17th 1861

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861.

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861

James A. Wright, Corp 17th 1861. (4th Corp 1)

James A. Wright, Corp 17th 1861.

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861. Died at Fort Sumter, S.C. 17th 1861, age 37

James A. Wright, Corp 17th 1861.

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861. Died at Fort Sumter, S.C. 17th 1861, age 37

James A. Wright, Corp 17th 1861.

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861. Died at Fort Sumter, S.C. 17th 1861, age 37

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James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861. Died at Fort Sumter, S.C. 17th 1861, age 37

James A. Wright, Corp 17th 1861.

James A. Wright, 1st Corp 17th 1861. Died at Fort Sumter, S.C. 17th 1861, age 37

James T. Green, 1st Corp March 17th 1862

James A. Wright 2nd Corp March 17th 1862

James A. Wright, Corp May 18th 1861.

George Campbell 1st Corp 1862 June 18th 1861. Died of wounds at Fort Sumter, July 27 1862

James Smith, Corp June 18th 1861

James Wilson 1st Corp March 17th 1862.

George E. Wright, 1st Corp March 17th 1862

James E. Wright May 18th 1861. 1st Corp 1861

WILLIAM CAMPBELL 1st Corp 1862.

James, 1st Co May 18th 1861. Died of wounds at Fort Sumter June 17th 1862 at Fort Republic.

James Campbell, May 18th 1861. Died of wounds at Fort Sumter.

James Allen Co. June 18th 1861.

George George E. May 18th 1861. Died of wounds at Fort Sumter June 17th 1862.

George Wilson Co.

James and J. June 18th 1861. 1st Corp 1861.

George Campbell, March 17th 1862.

George Wilson Co. March 17th 1862.

George Campbell, March 17th 1862. Died of wounds at Fort Republic June 17th 1862.

George Allen Co. March 17th 1862. Died of wounds at Fort Sumter May 17th 1862.

Allen 1st Co. Died of wounds.

George George, March 17th 1862. Died of wounds at Fort Republic June 17th 1862.

George George March 17th 1862. Discharged on account of his age.

George Allen March 17th 1862.

George Wilson, 1862 March 17th 1862. Discharged on account of his age.

George Allen March 17th 1862. Discharged on account of his age.

George Allen Co.

George Allen March 17th 1862. Died of wounds at Fort Republic June 17th 1862.

George Allen, 1862 March 17th 1862.

George Allen Co. March 17th 1862. Died of wounds June 17th 1862.

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March 17th 1861.

Henry Duffell Jr. March 17th 1861. Wounded at Springfield March 17th 1861.
Wounded at Springfield March 17th 1861.

Edward William T. March 17th 1861

Edward Taylor March 17th 1861.

Thomas John B. March 17th 1861, wounded Cedar Run, missing after April 1861.

Taylor Andrew J. March 17th 1861, taken prisoner, paroled.

Taylor David E. March 17th 1861.

Henry George March 17th 1861. Discharged on account of his age.

Henry James A. March 17th 1861, transferred from 1st to 2nd Regt. May 14th 1861.

Thomas William March 17th 1861. Killed near Fairfax S. R. April 1st 1861.

Ray Jacob May 29th 1861. Died October 22nd 1861.

Will, William May 29th 1861. Captured October 1st 1861 at Battle of Fredericksburg (Surrender)

William James May 29th 1861, wounded at the Battle of Bull Run May 31st 1861.

William John B. May 29th 1861, wounded at Fort Sumter June 2nd 1861.

William David March 17th 1861, discharged on account of his age.

William John March 17th 1861, wounded at Bull Run.

William William J.

William John B. March 17th 1861, wounded at Sharpsburg 1861.

William Henry.

William George F. March 17th 1861.

William John Wounded at Fort Sumter June 2nd 1861

William David, March 17th 1861. Killed at Fort Sumter June 2nd 1861

William Andrew J.

William James, March 17th 1861. Died near Valley Mills May 1861.

Young Henry A. March 17th 1861. Taken prisoner June 2nd 1861, paroled at

Fort Sumter, wounded at Springfield March 17th 1861 returned March 17th 1861 Fort Sumter.

Young William April 1st 1861. Died near Fairfax S. R. May 1st 1861. Killed at

Springfield March 17th 1861.

March 17th 1861.

Henry Daniel W. March 17th 1861. Wounded at Springfield (May 12th 1861).

James Daniel W. Wounded at Springfield May 12th 1861.

Edward William W. March 17th 1861.

Edward Taylor W. March 17th 1861.

Thomas John W. March 17th 1861. Wounded Cedar Run, spring after April 1861.

Taylor Andrew W. March 17th 1861. Taken prisoner. Paroled.

Taylor David W. March 17th 1861.

Wm. George W. March 17th 1861. Discharged on account of his age.

Wm. John W. March 17th 1861. Transferred from 4th to 12th Regt. Feb 14th 1862.

Wm. William W. March 17th 1861. Killed near Fairfax S. R. Sept 1st 1861.

Wm. Jacob W. May 29th 1861. Died October 2nd 1861.

Wm. William W. May 29th 1861. Captured October 1st 1861 at Battle of Fredericksburg (Barlow).

William James W. May 29th 1861. Wounded at Fort Mifflin June 9th 1861.

Wm. John W. May 29th 1861. Wounded at Fort Mifflin June 9th 1861.

William David W. March 17th 1861. Discharged on account of his age.

William John W. March 17th 1861. Wounded at Fredericksburg.

William William W.

William John W. March 17th 1861. Wounded at Sharpsburg 1861.

William Henry W.

William George W. March 17th 1861.

William John W. Wounded at Fort Mifflin June 9th 1861.

William David W. March 17th 1861. Killed at Fort Mifflin June 9th 1861.

William Andrew W.

William James W. March 17th 1861. Died near Valley Mills May 1861.

Wm. Henry W. March 17th 1861. Taken prisoner June 9th 1861. Paroled.

Wm. John W. Wounded at Springfield May 12th 1861. Taken prisoner June 9th 1861. Paroled.

Wm. William W. April 1st 1861. Died near Fairfax S. R. Sept 1st 1861. Killed at

Fredericksburg May 12th 1861.

[illegible]

see the Higher Camp near Harveyville, 12 mi. (19 km) rolling country
range, generally flat, 12-14 ft (3.7-4.3 m) tall (1980).

Breuer [Feb 196] Camp near Great Bay. 47 miles N. S.W.
N. from New Bedford.

February 2014, Carl Gustaf Carlsson, Klara Allén, Linda Samuelsson
 språkliga tillstånd. De två förståelse- och uttrycksförmågorna är delat med ett

Buy North 2014, Camp Buffalo Day Lines B, filling according requirements
 10-11-14, 12-14, 15-16, 17-18, 19-20, 21-22, 23-24, 25-26, 27-28, 29-30, 31-31

revised 20-01-1992 Comp 452 Ws. Subgrade - John E. Marshall and David
-connecting to aggregate PI prepared for Subg₁₀

Feb 20th 2011 - Temp near normal, rain, good visibility, full moon, cloudy.
 4/23/2011 10 am 10 cleared for duty...

It appears by the foregoing list of soldiers that there was a reorganization of the company in the first beginning of the second year, in that that some of the men enlisted in the first year of the war are enlisted in the same Company at a given time in the second year.

It must be understood that there was a great number of personnel transfers into each branch after the first war in Providence County and were enlisted in Companies and also in Providence County, and by this first list is not enlisted in the Providence County Companies.

• 2 • THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY

ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION

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100 N. 4TH ST. NEW YORK, N. Y.

100 N. 4TH ST. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Albany, N. Y.

Albany, N. Y.

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Albany, N. Y. [inserted at New York]

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Albany, N. Y.

• 2 • THE MEMORIAL RECORDS of the County of ...

JOHN WILSON, Captain (married at New Market)

D. W. Wilson, 1st Lieut.

W. W. Wilson, 2nd Lieut.

W. W. Wilson, 3rd Lieut.

W. W. Wilson, 4th

W. W. Wilson, 5th

W. W. Wilson, 6th

W. W. Wilson, 7th (married at New Market)

W. W. Wilson, 8th

W. W. Wilson, 9th

W. W. Wilson, 10th (married at New Market)

W. W. Wilson, 11th

W. W. Wilson, 12th

W. W. Wilson, 13th

W. W. Wilson, 14th

W. W. Wilson, 15th

W. W. Wilson, 16th

W. W. Wilson, 17th

W. W. Wilson, 18th

W. W. Wilson, 19th

W. W. Wilson, 20th (married at New Market)

W. W. Wilson, 21st

W. W. Wilson, 22nd

W. W. Wilson, 23rd

W. W. Wilson, 24th

W. W. Wilson, 25th

W. W. Wilson, 26th

W. W. Wilson, 27th (married at New Market)

W. W. Wilson, 28th

On 12/10/40, the following list of names was reported to the following list of names: (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100) (101) (102) (103) (104) (105) (106) (107) (108) (109) (110) (111) (112) (113) (114) (115) (116) (117) (118) (119) (120) (121) (122) (123) (124) (125) (126) (127) (128) (129) (130) (131) (132) (133) (134) (135) (136) (137) (138) (139) (140) (141) (142) (143) (144) (145) (146) (147) (148) (149) (150) (151) (152) (153) (154) (155) (156) (157) (158) (159) (160) (161) (162) (163) (164) (165) (166) (167) (168) (169) (170) (171) (172) (173) (174) (175) (176) (177) (178) (179) (180) (181) (182) (183) (184) (185) (186) (187) (188) (189) (190) (191) (192) (193) (194) (195) (196) (197) (198) (199) (200) (201) (202) (203) (204) (205) (206) (207) (208) (209) (210) (211) (212) (213) (214) (215) (216) (217) (218) (219) (220) (221) (222) (223) (224) (225) (226) (227) (228) (229) (230) (231) (232) (233) (234) (235) (236) (237) (238) (239) (240) (241) (242) (243) (244) (245) (246) (247) (248) (249) (250) (251) (252) (253) (254) (255) (256) (257) (258) (259) (260) (261) (262) (263) (264) (265) (266) (267) (268) (269) (270) (271) (272) (273) (274) (275) (276) (277) (278) (279) (280) (281) (282) (283) (284) (285) (286) (287) (288) (289) (290) (291) (292) (293) (294) (295) (296) (297) (298) (299) (300) (301) (302) (303) (304) (305) (306) (307) (308) (309) (310) (311) (312) (313) (314) (315) (316) (317) (318) (319) (320) (321) (322) (323) (324) (325) (326) (327) (328) (329) (330) (331) (332) (333) (334) (335) (336) (337) (338) (339) (340) (341) (342) (343) (344) (345) (346) (347) (348) (349) (350) (351) (352) (353) (354) (355) (356) (357) (358) (359) (360) (361) (362) (363) (364) (365) (366) (367) (368) (369) (370) (371) (372) (373) (374) (375) (376) (377) (378) (379) (380) (381) (382) (383) (384) (385) (386) (387) (388) (389) (390) (391) (392) (393) (394) (395) (396) (397) (398) (399) (400) (401) (402) (403) (404) (405) (406) (407) (408) (409) (410) (411) (412) (413) (414) (415) (416) (417) (418) (419) (420) (421) (422) (423) (424) (425) (426) (427) (428) (429) (430) (431) (432) (433) (434) (435) (436) (437) (438) (439) (440) (441) (442) (443) (444) (445) (446) (447) (448) (449) (450) (451) (452) (453) (454) (455) (456) (457) (458) (459) (460) (461) (462) (463) (464) (465) (466) (467) (468) (469) (470) (471) (472) (473) (474) (475) (476) (477) (478) (479) (480) (481) (482) (483) (484) (485) (486) (487) (488) (489) (490) (491) (492) (493) (494) (495) (496) (497) (498) (499) (500) (501) (502) (503) (504) (505) (506) (507) (508) (509) (510) (511) (512) (513) (514) (515) (516) (517) (518) (519) (520) (521) (522) (523) (524) (525) (526) (527) (528) (529) (530) (531) (532) (533) (534) (535) (536) (537) (538) (539) (540) (541) (542) (543) (544) (545) (546) (547) (548) (549) (550) (551) (552) (553) (554) (555) (556) (557) (558) (559) (560) (561) (562) (563) (564) (565) (566) (567) (568) (569) (570) (571) (572) (573) (574) (575) (576) (577) (578) (579) (580) (581) (582) (583) (584) (585) (586) (587) (588) (589) (590) (591) (592) (593) (594) (595) (596) (597) (598) (599) (600) (601) (602) (603) (604) (605) (606) (607) (608) (609) (610) (611) (612) (613) (614) (615) (616) (617) (618) (619) (620) (621) (622) (623) (624) (625) (626) (627) (628) (629) (630) (631) (632) (633) (634) (635) (636) (637) (638) (639) (640) (641) (642) (643) (644) (645) (646) (647) (648) (649) (650) (651) (652) (653) (654) (655) (656) (657) (658) (659) (660) (661) (662) (663) (664) (665) (666) (667) (668) (669) (670) (671) (672) (673) (674) (675) (676) (677) (678) (679) (680) (681) (682) (683) (684) (685) (686) (687) (688) (689) (690) (691) (692) (693) (694) (695) (696) (697) (698) (699) (700) (701) (702) (703) (704) (705) (706) (707) (708) (709) (710) (711) (712) (713) (714) (715) (716) (717) (718) (719) (720) (721) (722) (723) (724) (725) (726) (727) (728) (729) (730) (731) (732) (733) (734) (735) (736) (737) (738) (739) (740) (741) (742) (743) (744) (745) (746) (747) (748) (749) (750) (751) (752) (753) (754) (755) (756) (757) (758) (759) (760) (761) (762) (763) (764) (765) (766) (767) (768) (769) (770) (771) (772) (773) (774) (775) (776) (777) (778) (779) (780) (781) (782) (783) (784) (785) (786) (787) (788) (789) (790) (791) (792) (793) (794) (795) (796) (797) (798) (799) (800) (801) (802) (803) (804) (805) (806) (807) (808) (809) (810) (811) (812) (813) (814) (815) (816) (817) (818) (819) (820) (821) (822) (823) (824) (825) (826) (827) (828) (829) (830) (831) (832) (833) (834) (835) (8

(This also refers to those few customers' statistics of Productive Assets history by the last 10 years.)

April 1, 1918
part of the engaged in the following battles: Phillips, + Howell,
Hudson, Green Lake, Park Rapids, Green Lake Light around Halmstad,
Hagerman Mountain, Fredericksburg, Grand Marquette, Sault Ste. Marie,
and Soudan. In the latter the 20th Regiment was captured. Thousands men of
Company (I) were captured. They were later taken to French Island, St. Lawrence Is.
Hutchinson, N. T. Most of the men were killed through the war. The others
and prisoners.

[This above note is taken from historical statistics of Canadian
Army history by the Rev. Dr. F. Brown.]

I
T

U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Mr. JACKSON, COLLEGE,

Mr. P. THOMPSON, COLLEGE,

Mr. L. H. BELL, COLLEGE,

Mr. W. H. BELL, COLLEGE,

Mr. J. BELL, COLLEGE,

Mr. H. BELL, COLLEGE.

Mr. J. BELL,

Mr. J. BELL,

Mr. J. BELL (Mr. J. B.)

Mr. J. B. (Mr. J. B.)

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Mr. J. B.

Mr. J. B.

James Wilson,

Jeffrey, Harrison,

Jeffrey, John,

Jepson, John,

Jessup, John

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Spencer, Samuel J.

Spencer, Sam W.

Starnes, Larry,

Starnes, Randolph,

Stary, Henry,

Stewart, Jack,

Stewart, William,

Stewart, Samuel,

Stewart, Andrew,

Stewart, Wm.

Stewart, William,

Stewart, John,

Stewart, Jacob,

Stewart, John,

Stewart, David,

Stewart, Frank W.

Stewart, W. L.

Stewart, Alfred,

When the Landing Facility visited Captain Andrew G. Brown, 1946, were distributed maps of the coastline along the North Carolina coast. Captain Andrew G. Brown, 1946, was killed while working on the ship. The ship was divided into two sections, one and two, and was used as the North Carolina, assigned to the Virginia K. Brown.

Dr. J. G. R. Hooley and Captain A. G. Hooley, and A. G. R. Hooley, 1st Lieutenant, and A. G. R. Hooley, 2nd Lieutenant.

Football, L. International was Captain of Company - a - (of the 4th Division)
 1900 - 1901
 John Andrew Taylor, 1st Lieutenant in Reserve.

Albright, John,	Adler, William	McCarthy, John,	Smith, James B.
Albright, James,	Anderson, Andrew	Malone, J. E.	Stacy, Henry.
Anderson, John,	Anderson, George	Mc Neil, Willie,	Thomas, Francis,
Anderson, T. E.	Anderson, Richard,	Mohr, J. E.	Turner, John,
Anderson, R. E.	Arndt, James	Neufeld, Stephen,	Turner, Joe, E.
Arndt, Edgar E.	Bay, Levi,	Neufeld, Henry,	Wickham, F. E.
Arndt, J. & E.	Bay, David L.	Neufeld, Herman,	Winkler, Stephen,
Arndt, F. E.	Bay, Benjamin	Neubach, George	Wright, Ed.
Arndt, John E.	Beggs, William,	Neubach, Geo. E.	
Barnard, John,	Bell, Geo.	Neve, Henry,	
Bate, William,	Bell, George.	Neve, Geo.	
Bate, John,	Bell, William,	Neve, Fred E.	
Bellman, James,	Brown, J. M.	Olson, Andrew J.	
Bentley, George,	Brown, John L.	Olson, Geo. W. & C. (Sons)	
Bentley, Fred	Brown, George	Page, David,	
Berry, James	Brown, W. E.	Palmer, Charles E.	
Bentley, Geo.	Brown, Fred	Reiman, James A.	
Bentley, John,	Brown, William,	Reiman, Geo. T.	
Bentley, Geo.	Brown, John	Reiman, Geo. J.	
Bentley, F. E.	Brown, E. E.	Reiman, William	

Union Soldiers

The Union Army, which was a regularly organized force, supported the Southern Confederacy. There was no Union Government organized in the South. There were not only few Union soldiers in the Southern District, and only about 40 Union soldiers in the entire County. But from Washington County there were about 20 soldiers as enlisted in the Company "I" of the 1st West Virginia Cavalry, U.S.A. and the names that are available are as follows.

- Company Party.
- Barlow, Wesley
- Benson, J. B.
- Chambers, Peter B.
- Crispin, Frank.
- Crispin, James A.
- Day, Alfred B.
- Edwards, Clark.
- Evans, J. B.
- Gally, John.
- Gally, C. B.
- Gally, John A.
- Gally, W. A.
- McCarthy, George.
- Moore, W. B.
- Moore, J. C.
- Moore, F. W. D.
- Moore, Andrew.
- Trick, John B.
- Wright, George.

CONFIDENTIAL - LOYALTY

Samuel A. Bailey
Silver Lake, W. Va.

August 4
August 14, 1960

EVIDENCE IN BOONVILLE, MARYLAND

There have been no sightings in the county for two generations, and the theory that we have created is that some during the visit here, the following is taken from the Boonville Press for January 21, 1960, and was written by Edwin F. Lee.

In January 1960, a colored man belonging to John B. Marshall was taken by a mob from the jail in Boonville, and hanged on a tree.

His body fell apart and all pieces were taken from their bones and sent near the outside. Their bodies were found next day. I have seen something in in this before!

Timothy Anderson of ~~Boonville~~ ^{Boonville} was taken from his home and sent to death in the room near the bridge of Rinehart Springs. His body was not found for three weeks. Whether all were killed the same night, I do not know. I do know that Timothy Anderson was executed on the night of January 21, 1960, the reason of the hanged feeling against these men was the fact that they were known opposites. There had been several of giving information to the Federal Agents. Large bodies of Confederate soldiers were present in various parts of the county that winter.

Timothy Anderson was one of several who had warned that they were in danger, as was proposed to take himself in the meantime and the writing for his children to try when the lights were for him.

as was to prove it worthy and so says all the day he was accused,
 for at the same time, he left a widow and eight small
 children, the youngest a daughter of the years, who picked and
 died with her mother about the day her father was found. They were
 buried in the same grave.

One of his granddaughters, Mrs. L. A. Sullivan and Mrs.
 Mary Johnson said to a poem written some years after by Mary
 Ann Johnson and with it is.

Around dear friends, while we relate
 A deed not seldom strange;
 How treacherous Thacker and Vindicator ran
 With hearts and heads all gone,

Three years ago, now past and gone
 Here in this neighborhood;
 Murdered a Christian Union man
 And called it all too good.

He was a pious, hardier man
 All would men his name,
 He told them that possession
 Was nothing but sin.
 Not so, my heart, it bleeds to think
 What were we all thinking
 The morning came at close of day
 And took this man aside.

They took him from his happy home.

And there he laid his head,
As wife to see their smiling faces
And their sweet voices hear.

They took him just three miles from home,
Along the barren way,
And there the murderers murdered him,
Down in a field he lay.

For three long weeks in hopeless awe,
Friends searched for him in vain,
Then in, one evening winter came
They him beheld again.

See, there the loving father lay
The murdered son was found;
The day the burial in the noon,
And rested to the ground.

But soon he was taken home,
And there was laid to rest;
No more to be with those he loved,
But he was with the blessed.

The widow and the orphans left,
As soon they watched him
Comforted like angels, they rejoiced
Because their friend is dead.

may God be with them, and
a husband and a friend,
a father to the orphan child
and old and comfort land.
When many are mourning friends,
and all to be forgiven,
when you are with the one you love
in that bright home in heaven,
the radiant one is waiting there,
around that peaceful spot,
where angels are waiting there,
and he is not forgot.

Perhaps the Dearest of this world
his name would like to see,
perhaps his name is not
while he is with his.

Now, John has another grandfather with us this morning
and I was at his house giving out to the church. The wife
and I were asked to have with a group and with that in our minds
they were a serious matter. They were in this place and I had the
idea but they were a thought. This was some something more than
but was a group.

I am sending you to what I thought it might
be a to show the feelings brought up by
me.

April, 1960

Started after the "wall" for a political party and had a very big party and after the party the whole the way they had been. They had been together in the something like this was the first. It is not clear to me what party. I had a lot in the something like this and I had a lot in the other party. At the something like this, the first will be holding their party there in different nations of the way the first effort in the first of the party to make a party like party in the party.

From 1960 to the first party

April The first party started the party in the party between the first and the first. The party, as to the party with especially interested in the party in the party between the first and the party. This was the first of the party between the first and the party. The first party and the party, the party of the party and the party. The party to take the place of the party between the first and the party. A party of the party like the first party between the first and the party in the party.

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...and the

During the period of the investigation, the work of the Department of the Interior was largely in the nature of the work of the Department of the Interior, and the work of the Department of the Interior was largely in the nature of the work of the Department of the Interior.

- a (res) from--Purchased from me 1828
 by me Alfred Pratt
 a (res) from--Report on Free Society
 by me Dr. S. B. Willard of the U. S. Society of April: